

TWICE A WEEK

RAT PORTAGE MINER

TUESDAY and FRIDAY

VOL. X, NO. 72

RAT PORTAGE, ONT., AUG. 2, 1901.

PRICE 5 CENTS

HEADED FOR RAT PORTAGE

Towns Will Come Direct to This Town—A New Zealander Wants a Race.

London, July 21. (Evening Telegram Cable)—Thos. Sullivan and Geo. Towns, who sailed on the Allen liner Parisian from Liverpool on the 25th inst., will go direct to Montreal, whence they will at once proceed to Rat Portage, where Towns is to race Gaudaur. They are accompanied by George Henson, a New Zealander, who is somewhat of a sculler, and possibly Sullivan may try to get him a race with some Canadian sculler. Sullivan is bringing three boats with him, one of which is a double scull.

Very little interest is taken in this country in the forthcoming matches, the sporting newspapers only devoting a few lines to the announcement of the match, having been made. The Sportsman still informs its readers that Rat Portage is in Wisconsin.

It looks as if Towns was not going to lose any time in reaching Rat Portage and getting down to training for

his race with Gaudaur. He will likely arrive here early next week.

If Geo. Pierson, the New Zealander, is anxious to get on a race with a Canadian, it is quite likely he can be accommodated.

WIN TEN EYCK CHALLENGE

Though the statement is made in Worcester that Edward Hanlan Ten Eyck, the amateur champion sculler, having retired from amateur rowing, will not become a professional, there is a strong belief among Toronto rowing men that Ten Eyck will soon be a challenger for the professional championship of the world. "Mark my words," said one of the best known rowers in America last night, "young Ten Eyck will challenge the winner of the Gaudaur-Towns race in September. He is a magnificent sculler, and a big, strong boy, who will get better for some years to come." He could easily afford to wait, for time is all on his side, but I don't believe he will, and you may expect as soon as they are through at Rat Portage to see him out for the title that his godfather held so long and honorably. —Globe.

Rev. Mr. Hawkins, B.A., a recent graduate of McMaster university, Toronto, will occupy the pulpit of the Baptist church Sunday morning and evening, and will remain for some time in charge.

TOWN COUNCIL MEETING.

Minutes of a Special Meeting Held Wednesday Night—Electric Light Issue.

A special meeting of the town council was held on Wednesday evening. All the members were present, excepting Coun. Brydon, who is in the east. Communications were received from J. E. Bird re Griffith's taxes.

Horswill—Hudson—That the amount of ground rent due Mr. Sharnan be paid and the mayor and treasurer be authorized to issue cheque for same.

The collector's roll bylaw received its several readings and was finally passed and adopted.

The bylaw to amend bylaw 105—the bylaw granting franchise to Electric Light Co.—received its second reading.

Coun. Chadwick gave notice that at the next meeting of the council he would introduce a motion to instruct the town solicitor to enter an action in the proper court to annul and declare void the memorandum of agreement entered into between the Citizens' Telephone and Electric Co. and the town council.

Coun. Chadwick also gave notice that at the next meeting of the council he would introduce a resolution to instruct the town solicitor to have a bill prepared to submit to the next meeting of the Ontario legislature with a request to pass it, giving the town of Rat Portage the right to construct and equip a telephone system to extend to Kewatin, Mikado Peninsula, Sultana mine and Rainy Lake.

MUNICIPAL PARAGRAPHS.

The bylaw to amend bylaw 105 received its second reading at the meeting of the town council on Wednesday evening. Bylaw 105 was the original bylaw granting the franchise to the Citizens' Telephone and Electric Co. One of the conditions of this bylaw was that their rates should be at least 10 per cent. lower than the rates charged by the old company—the Chadwick Co. Bylaw 112 was afterwards introduced and intended to change this clause permitting the company to charge a sum not exceeding 15 per cent. above rates given on schedule of charges. By an error this was made to read "15 per cent. off," which necessitated another bylaw—No. 132—to change to what was intended, viz., an increase of 15 per cent. It is therefore contended that if the council had

its financial obligations so that in a short time it would be able to raise advantageously by debentures sufficient funds to purchase the plant. There would be little gained to the citizens however, if the town had to pay 5% and 0 per cent. to the banks for the money required, as is at present being paid on a large portion of the money used for water works construction.

At the special meeting of the council on Wednesday night Mr. Chadwick aired himself publicly, as he has frequently done privately, regarding what he terms the muzzling of THE MINER by the Electric Light Co. He made his deductions as to this from the fact that a couple of months ago he asked THE MINER to publish a diary kept by Mr. Pinch at the pumping station. He was told that on that particular week the staff had not time to set it up. As a matter of fact the diary mentioned would have taken up space equivalent to between two and three columns of THE MINER, and outside of Coun. Chadwick we do not think a half dozen people in town would have read it in full. At different times we have published letters from the pen of Mr. Chadwick on the electric light and other questions and he has the privilege to send in communications at any time.

We are under no obligations whatever to the Electric Light Co., and no member of that company is interested in THE MINER; nor have they any voice as to what shall or shall not appear in these columns. We are as free from the dictates of the company as we are from those of Mr. Chadwick, who has sought to instruct us by innuendo and sarcasm, as to the best way of running the paper. THE MINER is run on purely business principles, and we have no craving to be a martyr in any particular cause. Mr. Chadwick has an idea that there must be a martyr on all great questions of public moment, but as he has assumed that particular role in regard to the electric light question we are unable to see where there is room for any more. There are ways and means of accomplishing a particular end without all the vituperation and antagonism which he wishes to arouse. Strip the electric light question of all the personal animosity which Coun. Chadwick holds in the matter, and we believe the desired end would be accomplished in less time and a better bargain obtained. Mr. Chadwick, however, would not like the matter to be solved until he had derived a large amount of glory from it.

THE MINER is decidedly in favor of the purchase by the town of the Electric Light Co.'s plant, and appreciates the value of controlling all public

THE SULTANA-OPHIR CASE.

A Short Sketch Giving a History of the Celebrated Mining Case.

The following interesting article is from the New York Engineering and Mining Journal:

At its recent session the Supreme Court of Canada gave its final judgment in a case which involved historical and constitutional questions of importance. The suit was that brought by the Ontario Mining Company, Limited, against Edward Seybold, of Ottawa, E. B. Osler, M.P., of Toronto, J. W. Moyrs, manager of the Metropolitan Company, E. Johnston, of Duluth, E. H. Ambrose, of Hamilton, J. W. Brown and John S. Ewart, of Winnipeg.

The suit involved certain mining rights and turned upon the dispute which lasted for several years over the western boundary of the Province of Ontario. The official abstract, as given by the Canadian Mining Review, says that the property in dispute consists of the greater portion of Sultana island and is situated in what was formerly known as the disputed territory. The dispute between the Dominion government and the government of Ontario regarding the western boundary of the province was decided by the arbitrators in favor of the province. The Dominion repudiated the award but the judicial committee of the Privy Council decided in favor of the boundaries determined by the arbitrators in 1881, and five years after the Imperial parliament passed an act declaring the boundaries in accordance with the decision of the Privy Council.

While the territory was in dispute the Dominion authorities, assuming that it belonged to them, entered into a treaty with the Indians in 1873 by which the Indians ceded to the Dominion a large tract of territory including Sultana island and the Dominion of fields in accordance with the provisions of the treaty proceeded to set apart a portion of the ceded lands as a reserve for the Indians and known as Indian Reserve 38 B, which was intended to include Sultana island; but this action was not formally approved by Order-in-Council.

In 1880 the Indians surrendered Sultana island to the Dominion in trust for sale. In the face of the protest of Ontario that the territory in question belonged to her, the Dominion issued, in September, 1888, three different patents of mining locations on the island

the patents issued and that therefore the Dominion patents were valid and effectual and the Ontario patents void. In support of this evidence was given to show that the commissioners, representing the Dominion at the time the treaty was negotiated, promised the Indians that they would have the benefit of the minerals and that these were expressly granted to the plaintiffs by the Dominion patents.

On the other hand the defendants contended that the lands in question were the property of Ontario as was clearly established by the St. Catharines milling case, that the commissioners had no authority to oust the vested rights of the province, that their actions and promises to the Indians were ineffectual, that Indian reserves could not be set apart in Ontario without the consent of the province, that the province had never acquiesced in the creation of the reserve and that his land had never been validly included in the reserve, that even if this had been part of the reserve the surrender by the Indians inured to the benefit of Ontario and disincumbered the land of the Indian title so that the administrative jurisdiction and the right to grant patents were in the province alone. They further contended that in any case the precious metals, the gold and silver were always vested in the province free from any claim on the part of the Indians. The Chancellor gave effect to the contentions of the defendants holding that the Dominion had no title whatever to the lands or the minerals, but that both were the property of Ontario. He declared the Dominion patents to be void and the provincial patents valid, having arrived at the conclusion that the legal effect of the surrender by the Indians was to leave the sole proprietary ownership of these lands in the Crown as represented by the Province of Ontario.

From this judgment the company appealed to the Divisional Court, which affirmed the Chancellor's judgment, but the Dominion government acquiesced in the judgment of the Chancellor and did not join in the appeal.

The Ontario Mining Company again appealed to the Supreme Court of Canada which has now affirmed the Chancellor's judgment.

WHO IS BUYING C.P.R. STOCK?

Morgan and Hill's Remorseful Desire to Control or Have Representation on Board.

New York, July 21. The Commercial says: No confirmation was obtainable today of the report that J. P. Morgan and James J. Hill have been buying Canadian Pacific stock in the open market with a view to getting control or at least a representation on the board of directors.

BOERS FIGHT IN ZULULAND

Sharp Encounter in Which They Suffer Defeat—Both Sides Lost Heavily.

London, July 20. Following the recent engagement between British and Boers in Swaziland, when Boeners were captured, it is now unofficially reported that there has been a sharp encounter near N'Qutu, Zululand, the British defeating 400 Boers. There were losses on both sides.

The Daily News regards the fact that the Boers are operating in native territory as serious. It suggests that they are trying to raise the Zulus and Swazis against the British, and says that if they are trying to do so they may find justification, as the British authorized the Swazis to arm. The paper fears new and repulsive developments in the South African situation.

TRAGEDY OF A BIG CITY.

A Montreal Girl Dies of Starvation in New York.

New York, July 19. With two men claiming her love and offering to assist her, with wealthy parents in Canada, from whom she kept her plight, Elizabeth MacCormick, a refined, handsome girl of Montreal, starved to death in this city, dying yesterday afternoon in the German hospital. At first it was thought to be a case of suicide by poison, but while the poison was a contributing cause, starvation carried the girl away.

From letters found among the effects of the dead girl from a brother David, in Montreal, and from John McDonald, of Cardigan, Prince Edward Island, it appears that she could have had anything she wished from them. Instead of calling for aid when she could find no employment in New York, she sold her clothing piece by piece, and when all was gone she let death claim her.

The girl comes of a very religious family in Montreal. Her father is said to be an officer in the Canadian customs service. It is believed that the trouble that ended in her death had its inception in her love for a Montreal man who, on account of his agnostic principles, was obnoxious to her family. Eventually the conditions in her home became unbearable, and she came to this city, stopping on the way to visit a sister, Margaret, who is a nun in a Boston convent. She secured a position in a dressmaking shop.

Three Big Stocks In One. We are giving Bargains in

Clothing and Shoes for men and boys. The stocks of G. M. Simpson, Griffiths & Co., and Rodgers Clothing Co., all combined make one of the largest stocks in Rat Portage, and we are prepared to sell you goods cheap.

The Rodgers Clothing Company

MAIN STREET RAT PORTAGE

MINING MACHINERY

ROCK DRILLS and AIR COMPRESSORS

...are giving ...
Clothing and Shoes for men and boys. The stocks of G. M. Simpson, Griffiths & Co., and Rodgers Clothing Co., all combined make one of the largest stocks in Rat Portage, and we are prepared to sell you goods cheap.

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MAIN STREET. RAT PORTAGE

MINING MACHINERY

ROCK DRILLS and AIR COMPRESSORS
LIDGERWOOD HOISTING ENGINES and CABLEWAYS

JAMES COOPER MANF'G CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL.

Catalogues and Estimates on application
Stock carried in RICHARD HALL, Rat Portage, -Agent.

Preserving Season

Now on, and Jacob Hoses Hardware Store is the place to buy your Fruit Jars. We have them in all sizes, also Stone Preserve Jars in Half, One and Two Gallons, Stone Crockets in all sizes, Preserve Kettles of all sorts, sizes and prices.

Jacob Hoses

Hardware and House Furnisher.
Cor. Main and Second Streets.

Farm FOR Sale

TO BE SOLD AT A GREAT SACRIFICE

Two miles from Hilliard House. Splendid Dairy Possibilities. Good place for Chicken Ranch.

HAY—Enough Hay can be grown in one year to haul pay the farm.

130 acres in all; 90 acres for hay; 300 bushels potatoes have been grown to the acre.

HOUSE—30x50, 1 1/2 stories, frame, cost \$1,000.00. Four years ago; cellar, 20x30, cool, dry and spring in it.

BARN—20x50 log.

Call or write for particulars.

S. S. CUMMINS
RAT PORTAGE.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.



INCORPORATED 1870.

H.B.C. Sale of Summer Dress Goods.

Five all wool hedges and fancy figured lustrous in all the new shades, regular price 40c; sale 30c per yard.

Sale of Muslins and Piques

We are offering some genuine bargains in these goods. Fancy figured Piques in all shades, regular 20c, sale price 12c per yard. Fine Dimity and Lappet muslins in stripes and checks, former price 15c, sale price 10c per yd.

New Summer Corset

We are showing a new girdle Corset for ladies, very light, single bonestrip, four-hook front, deep, no side steels, lace trimmed, made in white and black, at \$1.50 each.

Snow Queen Corset

Made of strong ventilated cloth. It is well bound; has two side steels, in white only, at 75c each.

Hudson Bay Stores
RAT PORTAGE.

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THE COUNCIL is decidedly in favor of the purchase by the town of the Electric Light Co.'s plant, and appreciates the value of controlling all public franchises. In the meantime we believe that the council is proceeding along the right lines when they propose to get a reduction of the lighting rates. It is a purely business proposition and should be devoid of all the animosity that appears to be arising on both sides.

This morning Town Clerk Currie was served with an injunction by the solicitor of the Electric Light Co., to restrain the town council from passing the bylaw amending bylaw No. 105, relating to the rate which the company under its contract with the corporation is entitled to charge for electric lighting, which said proposed bylaw is now before the council and received its second reading at the meeting on Wednesday night.

Fire, Life, Accident INSURANCE

Mining Stocks bought and sold.

S. S. Cummins
Rat Portage - - Ontario

...the decision of the Privy Council.
While the territory was in dispute the Dominion authorities, assuming that it belonged to them, entered into a treaty with the Indians in 1873 by which the Indians ceded to the Dominion a large tract of territory including Saultina Island and the Dominion officials in accordance with the provisions of the treaty, proceeded to set apart a portion of the ceded lands as a reserve for the Indians and known as Indian Reserve 38 B, which was intended to include Saultina Island; but this action was not formally approved by Order-in-Council.

In 1881 the Indians surrendered Saultina Island to the Dominion in trust for sale. In the face of the protest of Ontario that the territory in question belonged to her, the Dominion issued, in September, 1888, three different patents of mining locations on the island to different parties, including the right to the minerals, precious and base, which patents were acquired by the Ontario Mining Company, which was incorporated for the purpose of acquiring the whole of Saultina Island except that part belonging to the Saultina mine.

The Privy Council having decided in the St. Catharines milling case that the territory in question belonged to Ontario these three patents, were the only ones issued by the Dominion. The defendants made several prior applications to the Ontario government for patents of the land in dispute and the mining company also subsequently made application to the provincial authorities to confirm their Dominion patents. The matter was fully argued before the Hon. J. M. Gibson, Commissioner of Crown Lands, by the Hon. S. H. Blake for the Ontario Mining Company; J. M. Clark for Seybold, and by other counsel for the different claimants. The commissioners decided that a two-thirds interest should be patented to the applicants other than the mining company and that the remaining one-third should go to the company on condition that they would accept it in satisfaction of all their claims. The company refused to accept the conditions or to abide by the decision of the commissioner and upon patents being issued by the province to the defendants of the interest awarded to them, the company in February, 1890, commenced an action to have it declared that under the Dominion letters patent it was entitled in fee simple to the lands comprised in such patents, including the minerals, and asking to have the Ontario letters patent to the defendants set aside. The Minister of Justice on account of the constitutional questions raised decided to intervene on behalf of the Dominion. The action was tried at Toronto before Sir John Boyd, the Chancellor of Ontario.

How To Do It.

Toronto Saturday Night: As I remarked some weeks ago, the right way to entertain the Prince, who has been wearied by listening to the mouthings of energetic nobodies, is to give him a rest, take him out bass-fishing, and give his wife a chance to mend her stockings. The absolute lack of originality which has marked every suggestion made by the reception committees of all sorts, is probably typically Canadian, for in this country, where originality is invariably suppressed, the mosquito and the tree-toad make the music. It seems a pitiful thing that the country which by the valor of its soldiers, the patriotism of its citizens, and the aggressiveness of its government, has put her name in the foremost rank of all the nations "whose footsteps are heard approaching," should not arise superior to such jerk-water entertainments and such quip-quint gun orators as are likely to monopolize the time of His Royal Highness.

Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Phillips arrived on No. 1 this morning from the east. Mrs. Phillips has been in eastern Ontario for the past year undergoing medical treatment, and her many friends will be pleased to learn that her health has improved.

...the Divisional Court, which affirmed the Chancellor's judgment, but the Dominion government acquiesced in the judgment of the Chancellor and did not join in the appeal.

The Ontario Mining Company again appealed to the Supreme Court of Canada which has now affirmed the Chancellor's judgment.

Among bankers, however, it is believed that reinvestment is on foot, in the interest of certain New York financiers, to acquire a sufficient block of stock to give two or more directors in Canadian Pacific.

It is assumed that this is a part of the community of interest plan, which was outlined when the Northern Pacific fight was settled, and that it was decided to be advisable to take steps to prevent further disturbance of rates by the Canadian railroad. The Grand Trunk has generally been disposed to operate in harmony with the railroads of the United States, and it is not considered necessary to take any precautions in this case.

Mr. Hill is on close terms with some of the directors of the Canadian Pacific, and it is believed they would be willing to make him a director. Heretofore much of the trading in Canadian Pacific stock, in this market has represented buying by Englishmen. Last week they sold, and the stock was taken by Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., Laidlaw & Co., and Zimmermann & Forsyth, who so far have refused to reveal the names of the people whom they represent.

A report was current today that Messrs. E. H. Harriman, George J. Gould and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. were buying the stock through the brokers mentioned.

Manitoba Boer Colony.

Winnipeg, July 21.—There is a possibility of a Boer colony being established in Manitoba. A prominent Dutch Burgher in the person of K. Hof- Von Syndrigt of Amsterdam is here. He cannot speak much English, but gave a reporter to understand that he was here to see Manitoba at her best and make a report to certain Holland interests in the settlement of the Boer farmers after the war. He will remain in Manitoba about two months and if his report is favorable a Boer colony will likely be established next year.

Miss McKinnon, head milliner with the Gardner, Rice, McLeod Co., left today for her home at Parkhill, Ont.

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WHO IS BUYING C.P.R. STOCK?

Morgan and Hill, supposed to be in control of the representation on Board.

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At the beginning of the fall season the girl lost her place. She was unable to secure employment, but here her trouble complaining as her little money dribbled away. On the 4th of July, while walking through Fifty-eighth street, she attracted the attention of Joseph Roman, a young clerk living at No. 219, but a few doors from her dwelling. He spoke to her, and by degrees learned at least part of her story. Roman helped her to the extent of his small means and wanted to marry her. She told him she was bound to marry a man in Montreal. About two weeks ago she disappeared from Fifty-eighth street, and went to board with Mrs. Dunt. She remained there a week, but could not eat. Starvation had weakened her system, and asinine tablets, which she was in the habit of taking to alleviate her pain, had helped along. She was sent to the Gotham hospital a week ago yesterday, and there young Roman found her. She was unable to eat the fruit he sent her, but she enjoyed the flowers he carried to the hospital daily, and this was the last name she uttered before she died. The Montreal authorities have been asked to find her parents and tell them of her death.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Highest Honors, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

Avoid Baking Powders containing alum. They are injurious to health.

RAT PORTAGE MINER

Issued every Tuesday and Friday by the Miner Publishing Co. of Rat Portage, Limited.

Largest Circulation in the Ontario Gold Fields.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

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RAT PORTAGE, ONT., AUG. 2, 1901

TURNING ATTENTION TO MINING.

It is undeniable that most influential business men of the world have turned their attention to mining, the source of nearly all wealth, says the New York Herald, for persons who have been enslaved to the idea that the only safe proposition was a five per cent. or a six per cent. security, now realize that many millions of interest have been lost to them through heeding the advice of those interested in cheap money, and that among the banking institutions of the west, eighteen and twenty per cent. per annum is not considered a hazardous western profit or excessive dividend on the great majority of our gilt edged mining securities; and further, the richest men in the world are mining kings, many of whom have grown powerful through the proper application of originally a moderate capital, and it is proven that while millions of dollars have been lost in railroads, farm mortgages, eastern industries and building associations, the mining industry steadily advances, making enormous profits for its supporters, building great states and cities, and points with pride to the American possession of 253 mines that have paid in dividends over \$625,000,000.

In mining investments extremely large amounts are not necessary to make one successful, for the man of moderate means, properly advised, has opportunities of quickly doubling his capital. Under incorporation great achievements are made possible through combining limited sums of thousands, thus equaling the capital of the individual millionaire, making possible gigantic undertakings that are productive of enormous revenue. The dollar of the man of moderate means is equally as powerful as the dollar of the money king. Both serve their purpose, both are entitled to their proportionate profits.

In legitimate mining a twenty-five per cent. dividend is not considered startling, and the mining interests of the west are willing to pay that interest for the use of money, for, by the aid of capital, they open up tremendous ore bodies that lead to still greater fortune. The employment of \$10,000 in mining is the equivalent of \$10,000 in almost any other branch of industry.

For years the wondrous profits of the metal industries have been whis-

taken into consideration. Every man who desires to labor as a harvest or mill hand will experience no difficulty in finding employment.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A Philadelphia millionaire—may his tribe increase—has just left an estate of \$2,000,000 in trust for aged and indigent school teachers. Twenty-five years' service and proof of necessity; will procure the ex-teacher \$100 per annum for the rest of her life. That's common sense for you combined with generosity. Look at the rates of pay of our school teachers, consider what they do for society, and go and do likewise, some of you rich Canadians.

The Earl of Seaford holds Great Britain's record as a tree planter with 68,000,000 trees, planted on 40,000 acres in Invernesshire. In Canada we sell our timber for half nothing and do no systematic tree planting to speak of at all. In this respect we are not up to date. India and Germany can be imitated with advantage.

The Toronto World says: The vacancy in the senate caused by the death of Hon. G. W. Allan, has started politicians guessing as to his probable successor. The World, after observing that Conservatives still have a nominal majority of six in the senate, says: Sir Wilfrid Laurier has in mind the early reorganization of his cabinet, especially from an Ontario standpoint, and with Hon. R. W. Scott's portfolio at his disposal any day, and Sir Richard Cartwright willing to escape some of the cares of office, he may see his way to elevating Hon. George W. Ross to the senate, with cabinet rank, crowning Sir Richard, to go there as government leader in place of Mr. Scott and Mr. Mills. Mr. Mills is willing to go on the bench. Perhaps, therefore, Sir Wilfrid will be in a position to ask both Sir Richard and Mr. Ross to enter the Red Chamber. Mr. Allan's seat ought to play a part in this re-organization, and if it does, the claims of a number of more or less prominent Liberals, who are M.P.'s, or were M.P.'s or who failed in becoming M.P.'s will have to go over for a more suitable time for recognition.

George E. Roberts, director of the Mint, discusses in the August North American Review "The Effect of the New Supplies of Gold." Mr. Roberts calculates that, with the restoration of peace in South Africa and the resumption of mining operations there, the yield of gold in the world may be expected to reach the vast sum of four hundred millions a year, so that the production of new gold from the mines in the next twelve years will equal the entire stock of gold held for monetary use in the world at the present. There are only two periods in the history of the money metals that can be com-



IT IS EASY WORK

when you are well, to rub and scrub, but when the back aches and the head throbs, a woman's work is hourly torment.

No woman can be strong and healthy of body who is the victim of these womanly diseases which are often responsible for feminine sufferings. Women who have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for the cure of diseases of the womanly organs, say that work doesn't tire them any more. "Favorite Prescription" regulates the periods, drives encumbering drains, heals inflammation and alleviates, and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription," neither opium, cocaine or any other narcotic.

"I had poor health for nine years (ever since the birth of my child," writes Mrs. Annina Watkins, of Acute, Kansas. "I was weak, had female weakness, was very irregular and would suffer untold misery. Our family doctor did not do me any good and I concluded to write to you. When I wrote I had no idea that I would ever get well, but when your letter reached me I began to have hope. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's medicines as directed and began to improve in strength. I was soon able to do the work of many of my size. I think there never were such medicines in the world. I took eight bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and five of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and two vials of 'Pellies'.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

STRANGE, BUT WHY NOT?

Charlie Chandler Relates Some Curious Incidents in Toronto Star.

"A man on Spadina avenue had a dream that his mother in Ottawa was ill with pneumonia, and next morning got a letter announcing the fact. Strange, but why not?"

A merchant in Toronto wrote to a friend in South America, whom he had not corresponded with in a year, and at the same time the man in South America wrote the merchant, and the two letters crossed. Strange, but why not?

A man in Guelph will ask, one Sunday afternoon, while reading, in the lounge and in a dream, a shroud lay before him, and drawing it back he saw his son. At twelve o'clock that Sunday night he was awakened by a messenger. His boy, a locomotive fireman running out of Toronto, had been drowned in Hamilton Bay, at the foot of the dream. Strange, but why not?

A well-known railway man in Galt had a dream in which he saw a relative in Scotland hurt by a falling wall. On the next mail from Scotland was a letter telling him of the accident. Strange, but why not?

Five men in Guelph once agreed to tell another man that he looked sick. After the fifth man had told him he thought he was sick and went to bed for three days. Strange, but why not?

It would not be strange if we were to spend more time looking inwards at the wondrous workings of the

Popular Wants.

TO RENT—Cottage on Fifth street, near Main. Apply Mr. J. L. Gauthier, Barber, Second street. 70

DOG LOST—At the Sultan mine the day of the Notch Dame picnic; answers to name "Pence." Kindly leave at the Convent.

HOUSE TO RENT

STONE Dwelling house in Rideau Estate, known as Doyle cottage. Apply to W. J. MORAN, Barrister. 53-11

FOR SALE—Two valuable lots in Port Frances. Apply at this Office.

HOUSE TO LET—In first-class locality. Apply at Miner Office. SIX-ROOMED HOUSE to let on First St. Apply to Chas. Potts. 52-11

HOTEL LELAND, Winnipeg, Man., is first class in every respect; is in the centre of the wholesale and retail district. Rates, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$4.00 per day. W. L. DOUGLAS, Proprietor.

Keep Cool,

Quench

Your Thirst, and aid

Digestion

These three desirable objects can be obtained by drinking

Pure Sulfana Lager, Regina Porter and Mikado Ale

Manufactured by

THE LAKE OF THE WOODS BREWING COMPANY, LIMITED.

George Drewry WHOLESALE

WINES AND LIQUORS ALE, PORTER AND LAGER

Manufacture expressly for family and put up in half-pint bottles.

CARBONATED WATER.—A full assortment of the celebrated Golden Key Brand always in stock.

ALLEN'S CLARIFIED AND REFINED OLIVE.

KEEWATIN ONTARIO

Notice To Creditors.

Always the better. Always the same. Always the best. Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea.

Business Cards.

MUSICAL.

C. H. CARPENTER, Organist and Church, is prepared to receive pupils in piano and organ. Vocal instruction. Modern methods. Particulars as to terms, etc., may be obtained at residence, East Port Street, or P.O. Box 36, Rat Portage.

ACCOUNTANTS

D. A. PENDER, ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR AND SIGNER—Vereker Block, Matheson street, Rat Portage, Ont.

DENTAL.

R. S. SCHNAPPE, Dentist, Office, Car-michael block, Main St., Rat Portage. Office hours 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

D. R. D. MARSHALL, Dentist, Office, Block, Main St., Rat Portage. Office hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

J. M. McFARLANE, L.D.S., D.D.S., Office, Bank of Ottawa Building, Cor. Main and First Streets, Rat Portage.

LEGAL.

J. F. MACGILLIVRAY, Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Office: Humble Block, Main street, Rat Portage.

THOMAS E. FERGUSON, Barrister, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc., Rat Portage, Ont.

ALLAN McLENNAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc. Office over Bank of Ottawa, Brydon Block, Rat Portage. Money to Loan

EARNLEY, HASSARD & JOHNSTON, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Room N, Confederation Life Building, Toronto. A. R. HASSARD, B. C. L., W. D. EARNLEY, FRANK K. JOHNSTON.

BOYCE & DRAPER, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Office, Vereker block, corner Matheson and Port street, Rat Portage. A. C. BOYCE, G. H. DRAPER.

LANGFORD & MORAN, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Offices Imperial Bank Chambers, Rat Portage. Money to loan on first-class securities. BENNY LANGFORD, W. J. MORAN, Crown Attorney for District of Rainy River.

W. M. BOBSON TOWERS, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Offices: In Imperial Bank Chambers Rat Portage. Special attention given to contested Mining Claims and Departmental work. Toronto Agents Messrs. McGeachy, Osler, Hoskin & Crevellman.

MEDICAL.

THE PEOPLE'S CARNIVAL JULY 29 to AUG. 2nd... Nothing ever done by Western Canada's Great Industrial Fair in the past will in any degree equal the effort being put forth this year.

Races Platform Attractions... Pyrotechnical Displays. Will this year surpass in every way anything ever before attempted.

For Prize Lists, Programmes and all Information Apply to F. W. THOMPSON, President, Winnipeg, Man. F. W. HEUBACH, General Manager, Winnipeg.

FREIGHT ON EXHIBITS.

The Association undertakes the payment of the inward freight charges on exhibits from the last shipping point in Manitoba or Northwest Territories, provided that such exhibits are returned to the original shipping point immediately after the Fair without ownership changing hands. But the Association will not be held responsible for any loss or damage to exhibits, but that it is not to be considered a precedent, but that it is not done this year owing to the partial failure of last year's crop and the consequent shortage of money amongst the exhibitors.

The payment of the Association of inward freight charges, applies from points in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories only.

The Hilliard House

THE HILLIARD HOUSE, as usual, will still be kept up to the latest mode of Western Hotels, and with its addition of 100 Rooms, offers "All the Comforts of a Home" to the Traveller and Tourist.

EVERY THING IS FIRST CLASS. THE BAR of the hotel is well supplied with the Choicest Wines, Liquors, and Cigars. Large and Commodious Sample Rooms for Travellers. When stopping at Rat Portage be sure and stop at the Hilliard House. LOUIS HILLIARD, Proprietor. MAIN STREET RAT PORTAGE, ONT.

OUR BEST FLOUR is now Branded "FIVE ROSES" Our Second, "PATENT" Be sure and get either of these Brands which will assure satisfaction. LAKE OF THE WOOD MILLINGS CO., Ltd.

W. S. MORAN, Acting Sheriff, District of Rainy River. and J. K. Brydon, Executors.
Dated at Rat Portage 25th July, 1901.

FINEST OF ITS CLASS

THE ONTARIO MINERAL EXHIBIT AT THE PAN-AMERICAN.

The Economic Ores and Minerals of This Province on a Scale That Shows the Real Importance and Abundance of These Resources of Ontario—Well Displayed and Artistically Grouped.

(Special by Martha Craig)

It is now generally acknowledged that the Ontario mineral exhibit is the finest of that class at the Pan-American Exhibition. Premier Ross, Hon. Dr. J. Davis, Commissioner of Crown Lands, and F. W. Gibson, of Toronto, Director of the Bureau of Mines of Ontario, decided to show the economic ores and minerals of Ontario on a scale that would convince visitors of the real importance and abundance of these resources of the Province. All the ores have been taken from working mines and represent the ordinary run of ore from these mines. Mr. Frank N. Speller, B. A., secretary of Toronto, was appointed superintendent in charge of the collection and installation of this valuable exhibit. Mr. Speller is the right man in the right place, and he stands his work thoroughly and deserves to be congratulated on results attained. The exhibits are well displayed and artistically grouped.

According to an important place is a large map of Ontario 13x20 feet. It is geologically colored and was prepared by the Bureau of Mines and executed by Elliott and Sons, of Toronto. The map shows the location of the principal mineral deposits of the Province and has been pronounced by experts the finest piece of artistic decorative work in the building.

A second map of Ontario 10x15, shows in particular the mineral and forest resources of the region of South St. Mary's. The lines of communication are shown by colored incandescent lights. The map was prepared by order of F. J. Clogau, general manager of the Lake Superior Power Company of Sault Ste. Marie.

The nickel-copper exhibit shows the ore from the Sudbury region. Every working mine is represented here. The weight ranges from 1,000 to 10,000 pounds per specimen. The total pile weighs about 17 tons of ore. Every stage of the operation of the reduction of nickel and copper from the ore is illustrated by samples. The final operation of the reduction process is also shown, thus illustrating completely the manner in which the nickel and copper are extracted from the ore. The Nickel-Copper Co. of Ontario have attractive exhibits showing the new French process in detail. The average visitor appreciates the details of the local manner in which it is illustrated.

Copper ores of the north shore of Lake Superior are shown on a similar scale. Every mine is represented. The pieces weigh from 1,000 to 5,000 pounds; the pile weighing 12 tons in all. It is evident that modern machinery must be used in these mines to raise and transport such great masses.

The Lake Superior Power Company have exhibited exhibits of iron ore from Michipicott. Copper and nickel ore are also shown. Besides building and ornamental stone and fire iron, also a large assortment of colored photographs showing the rocks and mills of this country.

QUAINT INDIAN CUSTOM.

Chiefs of the Six Nations Confess With Dr. Oronhyatekha the Heavens—Chief Bill's Letter.

The Indians have some very pretty, quaint customs, to which, clinging with much tenacity and hold in great reverence. An illustration of this will be found in the following address by the chiefs of the Six Nations to Dr. Oronhyatekha, condoling with him upon the recent death of his wife. The customs to which allusion is made, as well as the forms of expression by which they are described, have prevailed among these Indian tribes for hundreds of years. The beauty and appropriateness of ceremony and language cannot fail to be recognized and appreciated by all.

Dear Sir and Brother—I am instructed by the chiefs of the Six Nations to forward to you their sincere sympathy and to condole with you in the great loss you have sustained by the death of your wife, as follows:

1. We are aware that when a member of a family dies the survivors are brought to mourn, and are in great darkness; tears will flow from their eyes, so that they cannot see what is going on around them. Such being your present condition, as well as that of your family, your brother chiefs of the Six Nations take the pure white linen, and wipe off the tears of sorrow from your eyes, so that you may clearly see the objects about you and understand what is going on around you.

2. And when a person is brought to mourn, his ears are stopped up, so that he cannot hear clearly the things that are going on around him, such as become yours and your family's condition. Your brother chiefs therefore now remove the obstruction from your ears so that when your family and friends will speak to you, you may hear with distinctness.

3. And when a person is brought to mourn by death in his family, his throat becomes choked so that he cannot speak; such has become yours and your family's condition. Your brother chiefs will therefore now remove the obstruction from your throat, so that you may once more be able to speak with clearness to your family and friends.

4. And when a person is brought to grief by the death of a dear one, his heart is wrung with pain and enveloped in deep sadness and sorrow, and he feels that the grief is overpowering. Such being your condition, as well as that of your family, your brother chiefs will therefore now administer a potion of medicine to console and soothe all your family, so that your heart may be set right, and thus you may be able to resume your great responsibility towards your fellow-beings.

5. And now we proceed to the grave of your departed and beloved wife, and we decorate it with wreaths of love and affection made of sweet grass and forest flowers, and we cover it with a slab to shelter it from storms and excessive heat, so that her remains may be securely protected and quietly and peacefully rest.

6. And when a person is cut off from life, bloodstains may be left on his face, and your brother chiefs therefore now wipe away all stains from the face, so that you may resume it with comfort.

7. And when a person is brought to grief by death, his head is bowed down with sorrow and we. Such being your condition, as well as that

MANITOBA'S EXHIBIT

HAS ONE OF THE FINEST LOCATIONS IN AGRICULTURAL BUILDING.

Its Grain Exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo Is the Synonym of Thousands of Admiring Eyes—Other Grains and Products Hold Their Own in Good Company.

(Special by Martha Craig)

The Hon. J. J. Roblin, Premier of Manitoba, being fully aware of the value of agricultural object lessons from the Province of Manitoba decided to exhibit at Buffalo, and Mr. James Hartney, Manitoba Embassador Agent, was appointed commissioner. The exhibit is in charge of Mr. Robert Nelson of Elgin, Manitoba, assisted by Mr. Oscar McLean, grain merchant, of Winnipeg, and J. W. Umphrey, of Minn. Manitoba, farmer and implement maker.

The exhibit has one of the finest locations in the Agricultural building. It consists of grain and forage. The grains are displayed in straw, in bags, and in crystal vases. The wheat which is mostly of the No. 1 hard Manitoba red life, is shown in considerable variety. Barley is also displayed in straw and in bags. Flax in straw and in seed. Rye in straw and seed. Fine specimens of clover, timothy, bromus grasses and Kentucky grasses are in evidence, as well as several varieties of wild vetches, and about twenty-five varieties of native grasses used as forage.

The length of the wheat straw varies from three to six feet, the barley from three to 48 feet. The straw is tied up in bundles, and artistically arranged. Visitors are surprised when they learn that Manitoba has a territory of 78,556 square miles, and that in this Province vast areas of the best agricultural lands in the world are yet unoccupied.

The fuel problem has been solved, as there is an unlimited supply in the Spuris district. Indications of coal which have not yet been developed have been found in the Pembina Hills.

The climate of Manitoba is warm during the summer months and very cold during part of the winter, which usually sets in during the latter part of November and lasts till the end of March. After this date frosts occur sometimes at night. All the grain is sown about the middle of April, as no varieties of winter wheat have been found suitable so far. Experiments with winter grains are being tried at the Model Farm, and the results are interesting usually begins about the third or fourth week in August and up to the present there has been an unlimited demand for all the wheat that the Province can supply. The annual rainfall in Manitoba is about 17 1/2 inches, nearly 18 inches of which falls between April 1st and October 1st.

The soil of Manitoba consists of a rich deep vegetable mould, which is extremely fertile. Thirty million acres are available for farming purposes, fully three million acres of this vast area are under cultivation.

The chemical analysis which have been made prove that the elements of plant food in the Manitoba soil are double those found in the average good soil of Europe.

Amongst the agricultural products of Manitoba, wheat is the most important. The No. 1 hard wheat grown in Manitoba and in the North-

LORD LANSDOWNE.

Former Governor-General of Canada a Man Typical of His Age.

Lord Lansdowne's portraits are misleading. They convey the impression that the British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs is a tall man. He is nothing of the kind. Indeed, he is small and slight. Some people even describe him as minute, and he is of that particular class of men who are described as "dapper." Most neatly and carefully groomed, he presents a striking contrast to his brother, Lord Edmund Fitzmaurice, who, since his divorce from his New England wife, has become more careless about his dress than ever, presenting an appearance that has been derided as a mixture between a French journalist and a terribly active American drummer.

Lord Edmund is always excitable, flying about here, there and everywhere, his face reflecting every fleeting emotion.

Lord Lansdowne, on the other hand, is typical of repose, of composure and of self-possession. He is always serene, always suave, and his smile is always with him. In fact, he smiles in the most amiable manner throughout his dialectical duel with Lord Wolseley in the House of Lords, and it is said that it was due to him for those who only saw him and could not hear his words to believe that he was delivering one of the most cutting and biting attacks upon a fellow-peer that have ever been heard in the House of Lords.

In conclusion, it may be said that Lord Lansdowne has drawn during the last 17 years over \$1,000,000 of pay from the Government. It is a great mistake to imagine that he is a weak man. On the contrary, he is tenacious of an opinion, absolutely beyond the reach of popular influence, and at times most politically cruel.—Marquise de Fontenay.

THE ART OF CHICKEN-RAISING.

Work at Government Experimental Stations Proving Satisfactory.

Mr. F. C. Hare, poultry expert for the Department of Agriculture, has just returned to Ottawa from an official trip to the eastern provinces, where he visited the poultry stations at Truro, N. S., and Bonville, Que. At both these places, as well as at Whithy, experiments are being made with three lots of chickens, numbering from 250 to 350. Before the experiments conducted by the department have been confined to fattening, but this year the stations are engaged in raising chickens, and watching them day by day from the time they leave the incubator until they are four months old, when they go into the fattening cages and are ready to be killed and marketed. The cost of the experiments will be not less than \$10,000, so that the profit may be ascertained.

These chickens are being fed on skim milk and ground oats, and a little blood meal. The whole making a very rich diet. By this treatment the chickens are fatter and a quarter ounces when hatched had in three weeks reached eight ounces, and in five months, five or six pounds. The experiments are being tried as between Wyandottes and Rocks in order to judge the respective merits of the two varieties.

Scientific View of Wrecks.

It is a belief common among sailors that a wreck never goes to the bottom that it sinks until the pressure of the water holds it fast, and there, rocking about in the shadow

SO GOES THE WORLD.

Laugh and the world laughs with you; Weep, and you weep alone. For this brave old earth must borrow its mirth;

It has trouble nough of its own, Sigh, it is lost on the air; The echoes looke to a joyful sound, But shrink from a voicing care.

Rejoice, and men will seek you; Grieve, and they turn and go; They want full measure of all your pleasure,

But they do not want you we. Be glad, and your friends are many; Be sad, and you lose them all; There are none to decline your pectured

But alone you must drink life's gall. Active and your halls are crowded; Fast, and the world goes by; Secret and glad on the air you live, But no man can help you die.

There is room in the halls of pleasure For a long and lordly train; But one by one we must all file on, Through the narrow isles of pain.

—Col. John A. Joyce.

"A GENT UNCONSCIOUS."

How the London Cabby Honored the Fighting Colonial.

A delightful little story comes to us from one whose name, alas! is already a remembrance. Miss Kingsley appreciated fully the patriotism of "the man in the street" underlying much of the so-called jingoism, and illustrates her meaning by the following: "It was a wet night, and I, returning home from the meeting of a learned society, hailed a slow crawling cab. 'Sorry I can't take you in, mum,' said the driver; 'I've a gent unconscious inside.' 'Dear me,' said I, 'why don't you take him to St. George's at once?' 'He ain't a hospital case,' said he, looking down on the gent unconscious through the trap-door. 'He'll be better by and by. He's one of them colonials of ours, just home to his native land for the first time, and he's gone and excited himself, that's all.' I retired, and the cab and the colonist drifted away into the rain; but still it was nice to think, in spite of the colonist's conduct and the inconvenience of giving me, of the Old Country, represented by the cabman, taking care of him like that."

The Maple Leaf Forever.

The Montreal Witness says that the true Canadian flag is seldom seen. It should contain the arms of Canada and nothing more. There should be no white spot, no wreath of flowers, and leaves, no lion, no beaver, in any of the public department. The Witness, on no flag and nowhere else is the true Canadian escutcheon ever seen. The escutcheon of Canada consists of the arms of the first four provinces, in the four quarters. This has never been altered by authority, yet even on the lettered paper of the public department and of the Premier's own office it has been departed from by the introduction of the so-called arms of all provinces. Not only is the escutcheon thus paraded not the appointed one, but, as constructed, it is radically an impossible escutcheon. This may be considered a very small matter, in these days when heraldry is looked upon as a mere child's play, though, by the way, grave institutions go sufficiently into this child's play to arrogate bearing to themselves which were never granted them by the Herald's College. But no one can question that flags are important flags are necessarily national flags, and

FOR THE BLOOD

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

Cresswell, March 28, 1901.
The T. Milburn Co., Limited,
Toronto, Ont.

Dear Sirs,—I write to say that I have used Burdock Blood Bitters with excellent results. Last spring my daughter got all run down and was very thin and weak.

Her face was covered with red spots and a large boil formed on her cheek. I procured 2 bottles of B.B.B. and by the time she had finished them the spots and boil disappeared and she has got strong and fleshy again.

I consider B.B.B. the best blood medicine known.
MRS. I. DAVIDSON.

THE CELEBRATED PIANO OF

Chickering & Sons, Boston.

Sold only by—

The Mason & Misch piano Co., Branch Winnipeg, Rat Portage, etc.

Sole Agents for Canada.

SMOKE
"GRANDAS"
Clear Havana Cigars

Grandas	Damitas	per box 50	\$3.00
"Concha fina	"	"	3.50
"Sublimis	"	"	4.00
"Furtanas	"	"	5.00
"Esprituales	"	100 10.00	
"Rathschilds	"	50 5.50	
Special "La Cigarra"	per box 50	3.25	

Guaranteed Imported Stock in Every Cigar

McVeigh & Walsh
AGENTS FOR

Granda Hermanos y Ca

Notice to Creditors.

In the Matter of the Estate of Oliver Doyle, Late of the Town of Portage, in the District of Rainy River, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to R.S.O. 1857,

The
Imperial
Limited

Commencing
Monday, June 10
From
COAST TO COAST

100 Hours Every Day in the Week.

Connecting with Steamers
"ALBERTA"
"ATHABASCA"

"MANITOBA"

Which are without doubt the finest boats on the Great Lakes, sailing from Port William.

TUESDAY, FRIDAY and SUNDAY

For full information in time connections, etc., consult current time tables, or apply to

WM. STITT, G. E. McPHERSON
Asst. Gen. Gen. Passenger
Pass. Agt. Agent,
Winnipeg, Winnipeg

ALL MEALS
ON OUR
DINING CARS

ARE SERVED A LA CARTE

And our "Flyer," daily from St. Paul and Minneapolis to the Pacific Coast, carries luxurious Buffet-Smoking Dining Cars and Palace Sleeping Cars. Exchange of cars between St. Paul and Seattle. Only two nights on the train. Time cards and full information from all agents of the

Great
Northern
Railway

or from F. J. WHITNEY, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.



Mr. N. Kennedy, of Toronto, is at the Hilliard.

Mr. W. Partington has gone to Selkirk to spend a two weeks' vacation with his parents.

The Norman Presbyterian Sunday school picnic takes place tomorrow afternoon on Coney island.

Mr. W. A. Brown, trainmaster of the C.P.R. for this division, has taken up his residence on Matheson st. Mrs. Brown arrived from Winnipeg on Monday.

The excursion held Monday evening under the auspices of the Ladies Aid of St. Alban's church was a decided success. The weather was threatening about the starting hour, but this did not deter about 350 from attending. They were amply repaid for in a short time the clouds cleared away and the moon shone with her usual splendor. Everyone on board had a delightful evening and enjoyed very much the sail on the Kenora over the beautiful lake.

Mr. A. Carmichael, has left on a trip to the east to join Mrs. Carmichael, who has been visiting there for some weeks. They will return in a short time.

Mr. Henry Norman returned this week from a visit of several months to his old home in Sweden. He had a nice trip and enjoyed himself splendidly. He says that Sweden is experiencing a great depression in the iron and lumber trades, a number of the larger firms being compelled to close their works. This has been occasioned by great shipments of iron from the United States and some from Cape Breton to the European markets, thus lessening the demand for the Swedish product. If the depression continues in Sweden it will probably result in a large immigration of excellent people to Canada.

Mr. Jabez Williams, now located north of Dinorwic is in town. He returned last evening from a visit to Fort Frances, and will leave in a few days for the north country again.

Do not neglect to hear the Perkins Comedy Co. in the Hilliard opera

Refined Ale...

IN HALF PINT BOTTLES

is meeting with steadily increasing sales. A fine article always uniform condition, very convenient and nice for family use. One glass to each bottle, no waste.

Edward B. Drewry

Manufacturer and Importer

WINNIPEG.

Geo. Drewry, Agt.

Rat Portage.

Chicago syndicate to work it, while he himself takes the position of foreman with 25 men under him. Five machines are working day and night and samples which have been crushed have shown a yield of \$87.40 per ton. The vein is 20 feet broad and five miles long.

Mr. Larson is also in partnership with three other Swedes, Messrs. Turner, Forslund and Schmidt, in owning a smaller claim of 180 acres, which has also shown itself to be very promising. Samples of this have yielded \$100 per ton. Arrangements have not yet been made for operating this claim continuously. —Winnipeg Free Press.

THE MINES FUND.

The First Distribution is Made at Cape Town.

Cape Town, July 20. —The first distribution of the Mines Fund which was established as a result of the conditions imposed in connection with the payment of miners has been made for the month of June. The rate is a shilling a day for an adult and sixpence per day for each child in the families of mine employees.

Depressed and Discouraged.

It is remarkable how thoroughly the whole system is thrown out of order when the nerves become weak and exhausted. All energy and ambition seems to disappear, the mind wanders, memory fails and despondency reigns supreme. Dr. Chase's Nervu Food puts new vim and energy into the brain, nerves and body, builds up the system and prevents paralysis, prostration and insanity.

SURPRISED HER HUSBAND.

Woman From Duluth Unexpectedly Traced the Missing Man By a Sign Over His Establishment.

Port Arthur, July 31. —Among the passengers on the steamer Argo on Monday from Duluth was a woman and son who were taking the round trip. The woman was the former Port Arthurite, and being acquainted with the town, walked up to the post office to mail a letter. On the way up she espied the sign of a prominent contractor, and the name brought up memories of the earlier days. She went up to the boat manager's office and had her ticket extended until Thursday, and then went up to interview the contractor. The interview was a most interesting one, as the lady claimed he was her husband and had left her some years ago. According to the lady's story, the contractor had married her in Duluth some years ago, a son being born. About five years ago the contractor decided to go to England, where he had important business to transact with some friends. He asked that the boy accompany him and that he would return in about three months' time. The woman agreed to this, and the contractor and boy left, as she thought, for England. Nothing was heard of them since, although inquiries were made to his English home, beyond the fact that they were in some town on the north of the lakes. Her surprise can be imagined, when she arrived in Port

From silent waters, heaved the gale,
Of robbing birds, the poplars,
I saw the golden blossoms fall away,
The golden blossoms fall away,
And rays of morning broke the veil
That hides the earth from dozing day.

I crept among the terraced hills,
And thimble ridges, dropping steep,
The gorges carved by babbling falls.
And about, sought the bounding deer,
My footsteps found the mossy moss,
In falling gave no fearful sound,
I trailed the mountain side across,
And stole along the lightning ground.

Where random rocks lay strewn the wood,
And velvet mosses lay between,
A graceful doe silently stood,
Her fawn was dancing on the green,
An early sunset glow was near,
When suddenly there seemed to fall
Upon the tension of my ear,
A single mellow trumpet call.

The carbine slipped my careful hand,
With cedar sprays my face I screened,
And crouching over a boulder, scanned
The open space that lay between,
A scented breeze of spruce and fir,
Between me and the spruce-fawn,
And saw upon that lone resort
The light of a forest dawn.

The level sunlight on the dew
In red and yellow tresses played,
And drooping hemlock branches threw
A shadow over a frosted shade,
And in the mist, with moose and deer,
Upon a belated stone reclined,
A willow-rose surprised the scene,
Her hidden pathos, eyes dimmed.

Her mate, his cresting head on high,
Demanding her mistress's face,
With pungent snarls and snarls,
A thicket of misty air,
The open fan, the trailing wings,
He floated, probably while he made,
Obedient to the law of things,
His passionate and vain parade.

He passed a slipper, puffed with pride,
Three times about the dais seat;
His lady, cool, preoccupied,
Refused his neck to meet,
Upon the inkiness of her hair,
Her eyes she barely deigned to cast,
Except when once and twice again
He blew a liquid trumpet blast.

A morning zephyr snatched the spell,
It bore the scent of daisy near,
At once upon the startled deer,
The whistle of a partridge clear,
The drama faded at a glance,
The heroine and her mate lost down
With sudden whirling wings and hooves,
I looked, and found myself alone.

Amid a rose, yet full at heart,
Amid a rose, and turned to go,
A low, a low, the distant part of bees,
Before the panic-stricken doe
And following fawn, and, looking back,
Half hoped to see the picture still,
In vain, upon the homeward track,
I wept slowly down the hill.

The Bee as a Barometer.
Such should be the title of these lines, for whoever observes these interesting insects finds it easy enough to foretell exactly the kind of weather to be expected. At last that is the opinion of many readers of bees. Generally the bee stays at home when rain is in the air. When the sky is simply dark and cloudy these busy workers do not leave their dwelling all at once. A few go out first, as though the queen had sent out messengers to study the state of the atmosphere. The greater number in observation until the clouds begin to dissipate, and it is only then that the battalions entire rush out in search of their nectar. A bee never goes out in a fog, simply because it is well aware that dampness and cold are no fearsome, reticentable enemies. We do not know, however, that the bee is a meteorologist in the absolute sense of the word. Its cleverness consists in never being taken unawares, for it possesses an infirming vigilance. Often one may observe the hidden entrance of bees into the hive when a dense cloud hides the sun, and even though the rain is not in evidence.

noticeable examples. It is, however, a fact that Canada annually exports about 1,000 sailing machines to Germany. As to the mineral sector, the wealth of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and British Columbia is displayed in a systematic fashion by their respective governments, and that of the Dominion as a whole is looked after by the central government at Ottawa. Forestry is similarly treated.

The Irish Pavilion.

The Irish pavilion, which stands hard by the Canadian, will attract universal attention by reason of its charming and characteristic exterior. It is designed by Mr. T. Marly Heane, and represents a small country house of Georgian period, at Malahide, standing in its own grounds. It is a low double-fronted house, with white-painted walls, rounded bay windows, and thatched roof. The "friendly" aspect to borrow a German term of this modest structure makes it conspicuous. The interior is divided into several rooms which are devoted to different branches of Irish industry. There are tweeds, linens, laces, basket work, floral carpets, wood carving, and models of ships from Belfast Looms are being put up and will be at work. There was also some promise held out of a still at work, but I inquired after it in vain. Perhaps it is difficult, in order to make the national character complete. The Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, which is responsible for this pavilion, is to be congratulated on the result. —Catholic Union.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE...

Do not drive in the channel parts by the Improved Blower. Wash the channel, clear the air passages, stop droppings in the throat and permanently cure Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower No. 25c. Dr. A. W. Chase, 1111 Madison St., Chicago and Buffalo.

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Monday, August 5
THE CELEBRATED

PERKINS COMEDY COMPANY

WITH THE
WHITE RUSSIAN AND CONCERT
ORCHESTRA
In a Repertoire of Popular Dramas
and Comedies, opening in
"WHY JONES LEFT HOME."

Mr. J. M. Millin, of Toronto, Ont.

This incident of a late Rev. Dr. Mackay, of Toronto, is told by a correspondent of The London Advertiser: "I had the pleasure of being acquainted with Dr. Mackay some years ago. He preached for us in St. Mary's Presbyterian Church about 30 years ago. He also spoke of his intention of going out as a missionary to the heathen in Fiji, most, where he soon after went. He was always a man of great earnestness and his heart was always in his work. On one occasion, when building a church he sent home to Zorra township for \$5,000, and without apology demanded that it be sent at once. The amount was made up and sent by return mail.

Paper Wood.

Paper wood is as hard as wood itself, is susceptible of brilliant treatment, is vastly lighter, perfectly adjustable and absolutely fireproof. The erection of skyscrapers necessitated a very serious study of fireproofing treatment of wood, and the result is that paper is coming largely into use in all cases where woodwork has to be used. It is particularly adaptable for ceilings and is becoming popular for that purpose.

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Grocers and General Merchants in the firm of Rat Portage Supply Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to Ernest Appleton at Rat Portage, aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said Ernest Appleton by whom the same will be settled. Dated at Rat Portage this 20th day of July, 1901.

(Sgd) J. O. A. PARTINGTON,
(Sgd) E. APPLETON.
Witness: (Sgd) W. BOSTON TOWERS.

Referring to the above notice I beg to state that I intend to carry on the above mentioned business alone under the name, style and firm of The Portage Supply Co.

(Sgd) E. APPLETON.
1121.

"There's some

Winners left yet"

For your selection. They are new, bright, up-to-date. Probably you want that particular suit to go to the 'Fair' in. Time you left your order anyway, as we're busy people. Good people generally are. And then, you know, our productions are artistic, cut well and made well by workmen who know their business. Best leave your order anyway and be convinced. It don't cost a fortune to be becomingly attired; especially when you consult

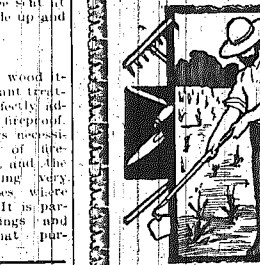
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Screen Doors and Windows

SCREEN DOORS, Painted Green, \$1.10 Each
SCREEN WINDOWS, " " 40c

Send your orders direct to us and get the BEST at LOWEST prices.

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SASH AND DOOR DEPARTMENT.
Rat Portage, April 25th, 1901.